

LEO COMPUTERS LTD.

GENERAL DETAILS OF LEO II

<u>Number Base</u>	Binary	<u>Mode</u>	Serial
<u>Pulse Rate Frequency</u>	Computer - 525 Kilocycles	Store and buffers - 2.1 Megacycles	
<u>Word Length</u>	Short - 18 Bits + sign (40 microseconds) Long - 38 Bits + sign (80 microseconds)		
<u>Instruction Type</u>	Single address - 19 Bits - 32 basic actions of which 16 are modifiable.		
<u>Quick Access Store</u>	Mercury delay - 2048 short words with 160 microseconds access and immediate access for 14 long words.		
<u>Auxiliary Internal Storage</u>	Magnetic drums - maximum of 4 drums, up to 65,536 words Average access - 5.48 milliseconds		
<u>Arithmetic Unit</u>	14 registers (including 3 modification registers) - Add and Subtract - 0.34 milliseconds Multiply - 0.6 to 3.5 milliseconds Divide - 3.5 milliseconds		
<u>Input</u>	4 channels (max.) - Punched card - 200 cards per minute (all buffered) Paper Tape - 200 characters per second Magnetic Tape - up to 8 decks - 100 inches per second.		
<u>Output</u>	3 channels (max.) - Printers - Hollerith 100 lines per minute (all buffered) Powers 300 lines per minute Card Punch - Hollerith 100 cards per minute Magnetic Tape - up to 8 decks, 100 inches per second		
<u>Auxiliary Printing</u>	Punch card operated electric typewriter - 7 characters per second.		
<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Automatic conversion and reversion between binary, decimal, and sterling. Buffer storage to allow simultaneous input, output and computation, and transfer to and from magnetic drums and magnetic tape. Marginal checking facilities.		
<u>Price</u>	Varies according to equipment required; a complete installation, including ancillary and data preparation equipment, may cost between £90,000 and £150,000.		

February, 1958.